Algebra 1

Concepts	Competencies	Vocabulary
Concepts	Competencies	T Occubately
Properties of Rational and	Apply and extend the properties of exponents to	Absolute Value
Irrational Numbers	solve the problems with rational exponents	Additive Inverse
	borve the problems with rational enponents	Arithmetic Sequence*
	Represent and/or use numbers in equivalent forms	Asymptote*
	(integers, fractions, decimals, percent's, square	Binomial
	roots, exponents).	Bar Graph*
		Box-and-Whisker Plot*
	Apply properties of rational and irrational numbers	Circle Graph*
	to solve real world or mathematical problems	Coefficient
	CC.2.1.HS.F.1	Composite Number*
m n lv l c	CC.2.1.HS.F.2	Compound Event
The Real Number System	Apply and extend the properties of exponents to	Constant
	solve problems with rational exponents	Coordinate Plane*
	Apply number theory concepts to show	Degree (of polynomial) Dependent Events
	relationships between real numbers in problem-	Dependent Variable
	solving settings.	Domain (of Relation or
	Solving seetings.	Function)
	Use exponents, roots, and/or absolute values to	Elimination Method
	solve problems.	Estimation Strategy
		Exponent*
	Use estimation strategies in problem-solving	Expression*
	situations.	Factor (verb)
	CC.2.1.HS.F.1	Factor a Monomial
	CC.2.1.HS.F.2	Factor a Polynomial
	CC.2.1.HS.F.3	Function
D .: 17 1::		Independent Events
<b>Equations and Inequalities</b>	Interpret solutions to linear equations and	Independent Variable* Interquartile Range
	inequalities.	Inverse (of a Relation)
	Interpret solutions to linear systems of equations	Irrational Number
	and inequalities.	Like Terms
		Line of Best Fit
	Evaluate reasonability of solutions.	Linear Combination
	CC.2.1.HS.F.3	Linear Equation
	CC.2.1.HS.F.4	Linear Function
	CC.2.1.HS.F.5	Linear Inequality
Polynomial and Rational	Simplify/factor expressions involving polynomials.	Mapping
Expressions		Maximum Value (of a Graph)
	Apply and extend previous understandings of	Measure of Central Tendencies Measure of Dispersion
	arithmetic to algebraic expressions.	Minimum Value
	Use polynomial identities.	Monomial
	ose polynomiai identities.	Multiplicative Inverse
	Perform arithmetic operations on polynomials.	Negative Exponent*
	1 crossin arteninede operations on polynomiais.	Odds
	CC.2.2.HS.D1	Outlier
	CC.2.2.HS.D2	Point-Slope Form
	CC.2.2.HS.D3	Polynomial

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Concepts	Competencies	Vocabulary		
	CC.2.2.HS.D5	Polynomial Function		
	CC.2.2.HS.D6	Positive Exponents*		
<b>Equations and Inequalities</b>	Write, solve, and/or graph linear equations and	Power*		
Equations and inequanties	inequalities using various methods.	Power of a Power		
	S. T. T. T. S. T.	Powers of Products		
	Write, solve, and/or graph systems of linear	Probability*		
	equations and inequalities using various methods.	Probability of Compound		
	equations and mequations along various methods.	Events		
	Use and/or identify algebraic properties.	Quadratic Equation		
	CC.2.2.HS.C.1	Quartile		
	CC.2.2.HS.C.2	Radical Expression		
	CC.2.2.HS.C.3	Range (of a Function or		
Equations and Inaqualities		Relation)		
<b>Equations and Inequalities</b>	Write, solve, and/or graph compound inequalities.	Rate*		
	747 12 17 18 18 18			
	Write and/or identify linear equations in various	Rate (of Change)		
	forms (slope-intercept, point-slope, standard, etc.).	Ratio		
		Rational Expression		
	Understand and apply the Pythagorean Theorem.	Relation		
		Rise*		
	Describe, compute, and/or use linear rate of change	Run*		
	(slope).	Scatterplot		
	CC.2.2.HS.C3	Simple Event		
	CC.2.2.HS.C5	Simplest form (of an		
	CC.2.2.HS.D7	Expression)		
	CC.2.2.HS.D9	Slope (of a Line)		
	CC.2.2.HS.D10	Slope-Intercept Form		
	GG.2.2.110.D 10	Standard Form (of a Linear		
Patterns, Relations and	Define, evaluate, and compare functions.	Equation)		
Functions	Define, evaluate, and compare functions.	Stem-and-Leaf Plot		
runctions	Has the concept and notation of function to	Substitution		
	Use the concept and notation of function to	Substitution Method		
	interpret and apply them in terms of their context.			
		Systems of Linear Equations		
	Create a function and/or sequence that model	Systems of Linear Inequalities		
	relationships between two quantities.	Term		
		Trinomial		
	Create and/or analyze functions using multiple	Unit Rate		
	representations (graph, table, and equation).	Variable		
		x-intercept		
	Create new functions from existing functions	y-intercept		
	(transformations of graphs).			
	Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and	* – May not be Tier 3 in		
	exponential models and solve problems.	Algebra 1		
	CC 2.2 NC C1			
	CC.2.2.HS.C1			
	CC.2.2.HS.C2			
	CC.2.2.HS.C3			
	CC.2.2.HS.C4			
	CC.2.2.HS.C6			

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Concepts	Competencies	Vocabulary
Categorical and Quantitative Data	Analyze a set of data for a pattern, and represent the pattern with an algebraic rule and/or a graph.	
	Summarize, represent, and interpret single-variable data and two-variable data.	
	Use measures of dispersion to describe a set of data (range, quartiles, interquartile range).	
	Analyze and/or interpret data displays and/or use them to make predictions (circle graph, line graph, bar graph, box-and-whisker plot, stem-and-leaf plot, scatter plot).	
	Make inferences and justify conclusions based on sample surveys, experiments, and observational studies CC.2.4.HS.B.1 CC.2.4.HS.B.2 CC.2.4.HS.B.3 CC.2.4.HS.B.5	
Probability	Calculate and/or make predictions based upon measures of central tendency.	
	Apply probability to practical situations, including compound events.	
	Recognize and evaluate random processes underlying statistical experiments	
	Apply the rules of probability to compute probabilities of compound events in a uniform probability model	
	CC.2.4.HS.B.4 CC.2.4.HS.B.7	